IASC History

The International Arctic Science Consortium (IASC) is a non-governmental, international scientific organization, founded in 1991 by the seven Arctic countries from the start of the year. It has evolved into the leading international arena for the Arctic and is now being developed into the key institution to coordinate projects and foster research in all areas of the Arctic region. It has been working on promoting and fostering cooperation and partnerships in Arctic science. The IASC mission is to encourage and facilitate cooperation on a wide range of projects and initiatives in Arctic science, to foster and support scientific research and in all areas of the Arctic region. The IASC has organized a series of international conferences and workshops, and has established a number of working groups and committees to support its activities. The IASC has been active in promoting the development of new partnerships and collaborations in Arctic science. It has also been active in promoting the development of new partnerships and collaborations in Arctic science. The IASC has been active in promoting the development of new partnerships and collaborations in Arctic science. The IASC has been active in promoting the development of new partnerships and collaborations in Arctic science. The IASC has been active in promoting the development of new partnerships and collaborations in Arctic science. The IASC has been active in promoting the development of new partnerships and collaborations in Arctic science. The IASC has been active in promoting the development of new partnerships and collaborations in Arctic science. The IASC has been active in promoting the development of new partnerships and collaborations in Arctic science. The IASC has been active in promoting the development of new partnerships and collaborations in Arctic science.